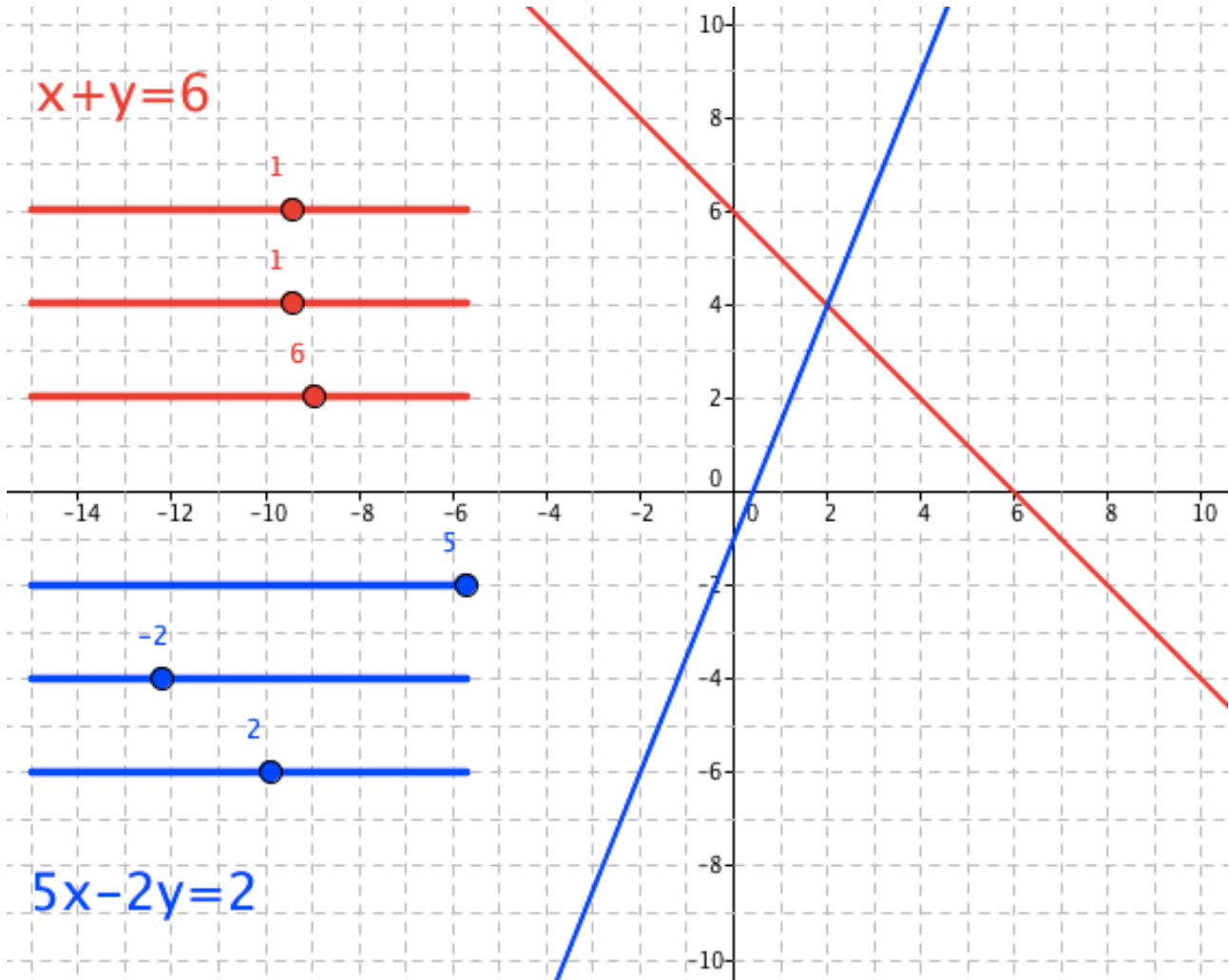


# Simultaneous Equations Graphical Solution

The coordinates of every point on the red line satisfy the red equation so the red line is the graph of:  
 $x + y = 6$

The coordinates of every point on the blue line satisfy the blue equation so the blue line is the graph of:  
 $5x - 2y = 2$



What about (2, 4), the point of intersection of the red and blue lines?

These coordinates,  $x = 2$ ,  $y = 4$  satisfy both the equations!

Therefore  $x = 2$ ,  $y = 4$  represents the solution to the pair of simultaneous equations:

$$\begin{aligned}x + y &= 6 \\5x - 2y &= 2\end{aligned}$$

Because the answers satisfy both equations we say they are being solved simultaneously, hence the name simultaneous equations.

# Simultaneous Equations Graphical Solution

Exercise:

Run the Geogebra worksheet: Simultaneous Equations Graphical Solution.

By using the slider bars to change the equations, solve the following five pairs of simultaneous linear equations:

Q1  $2x - 3y = 18$   
 $3x + 5y = 8$

Q2  $4x - 5y = 15$   
 $-3x + 2y = -20$

Q3  $2x + y = 14$   
 $3x - 2y = -7$

Q4  $x = 16$   
 $2x - 5y = 7$

Q5  $4x + 3y = 5$   
 $5x + y = -13$

All the answers should be integers.